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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



**Rotating electrical machines –
Part 12: Starting performance of single-speed three-phase cage induction
motors**

INTERNATIONAL
ELECTROTECHNICAL
COMMISSION

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES –

**Part 12: Starting performance of single-speed
three-phase cage induction motors**

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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This redline version of the official IEC Standard allows the user to identify the changes made to the previous edition IEC 60034-12:2016. A vertical bar appears in the margin wherever a change has been made. Additions are in green text, deletions are in strikethrough red text.

IEC 60034-12 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 2: Rotating machinery. It is an International Standard.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition published in 2016. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

Clause or subclause	Change
Table 6	Aligned with the requirements for explosion protected motors from TC31 WG27
12	New clause on methods for measuring locked-rotor current and torque
Annex A	New informative annex on the general current and torque characteristics with locked rotor
Annex B	New informative annex on correction of voltage and frequency

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
2/2132/CDV	2/2150A/RVC

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of the IEC 60034 series, published under the general title *Rotating electrical machines*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

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ROTATING ELECTRICAL MACHINES –

Part 12: Starting performance of single-speed three-phase cage induction motors

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60034 specifies the parameters for eight designs of starting performance of single-speed three-phase 50 Hz or 60 Hz cage induction motors in accordance with IEC 60034-1 that:

- have a rated voltage up to 1 000 V;
- are intended for direct-on-line or star-delta starting;
- are rated on the basis of duty type S1;
- are constructed to any degree of protection as defined in IEC 60034-5 and explosion protection.

This document also applies to dual voltage motors provided that the flux saturation level is the same for both voltages.

The values of torque, apparent power and current given in this document are limiting values (that is, minimum or maximum without tolerance).

NOTE 1 It is not expected that all manufacturers will produce machines for all eight designs. The selection of any specific design in accordance with this document will be a matter of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

NOTE 2 Designs other than the eight specified ~~may~~ can be necessary for particular applications.

NOTE 3 ~~It should be noted that~~ Values given in manufacturers' catalogues ~~may~~ can include tolerances in accordance with IEC 60034-1.

NOTE 4 The values tabled for locked rotor apparent power are based on RMS symmetrical steady state locked rotor currents. ~~at motor switch on there will be a one-half cycle asymmetrical instantaneous~~ The start of the motor leads to transient asymmetrical currents in the whole supply, so called inrush currents, the peak ~~current~~ value of which ~~may~~ can range from 1,8 to 2,8 times the steady state locked rotor value. The current peak and decay time are a function of the motor design and switching angle. Similar effects can occur during the switchover from star to delta operation. A more detailed description is provided in Annex A.

The application of the test methods described in Clause 12 can be applied to cage induction motors outside the scope of this document. However, special care shall be taken in such cases to prevent overheating of the stator or the rotor winding depending on the concrete method and parameters chosen.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60034-1:2022, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance*

IEC 60034-5:2020, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 5: Degrees of protection provided by the integral design of rotating electrical machines (IP code) – Classification*

IEC 60034-30-1:2014, *Rotating electrical machines – Part 30-1: Efficiency classes of line-operated AC motors (IE-code)*

IEC 60079-7:2015, *Explosive atmospheres – Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety "e"*

IEC 60079-7:2015/AMD1:2017

ISO 80000-4:2019, *Quantities and units – Part 4: Mechanics*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

rated torque

T_N

torque the motor develops at its shaft end at rated output and speed

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-48-05]

3.2

locked-rotor torque

T_l

smallest measured torque the motor develops at its shaft end with the rotor locked, over all its angular positions, at rated voltage and frequency

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-48-06]

3.3

pull-up torque

T_u

smallest steady-state asynchronous torque which the motor develops between zero speed and the speed which corresponds to the breakdown torque, when the motor is supplied at the rated voltage and frequency

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-48-42, modified – The notes 1 and 2 to entry have been modified.]

Note 1 to entry: This definition does not apply to those motors whose torque continually decreases with increase in speed.

Note 2 to entry: In addition to the steady-state asynchronous torques, harmonic synchronous torques, which are a function of rotor load angle, will be present at specific speeds. At such speeds, the accelerating torque **may** can be negative for some rotor load angles. Experience and calculation show this to be an unstable operating condition and therefore harmonic synchronous torques do not prevent motor acceleration and are excluded from this definition.

3.4 breakdown torque

 T_b

maximum steady-state asynchronous torque which the motor develops without an abrupt drop in speed, when the motor is supplied at the rated voltage and frequency

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-48-43, modified – The notes 1 and 2 to entry have been modified.]

Note 1 to entry: This definition does not apply to those motors whose torque continually decreases with increase in speed.

3.5 rated output

 P_N

value of the output power included in the rating

Note 1 to entry: The terms rated value and rating are defined in IEC 60034-1:2022, 3.1 and 3.2 (see also IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-51-23 and 411-51-24).

3.6 rated voltage

 U_N

value of the voltage included in the rating

Note 1 to entry: The terms rated value and rating are defined in IEC 60034-1:2022, 3.1 and 3.2 (see also IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-51-23 and 411-51-24).

3.7 locked rotor apparent power

 S_l

apparent power input with the motor held at rest at rated voltage and frequency after the inrush currents have decayed to a symmetrical system of current

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-411:1996, 411-48-49, modified – "after the inrush currents have decayed to a symmetrical system of current" has been added.]

3.8 locked rotor current

 I_l

~~steady-state~~ current with the motor held at rest at rated voltage and frequency after the inrush currents have decayed to a symmetrical system of current

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Rotating electrical machines –
Part 12: Starting performance of single-speed three-phase cage induction
motors**

**Machines électriques tournantes –
Partie 12: Caractéristiques de démarrage des moteurs triphasés à induction à
cage à une seule vitesse**

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ISO 80000-4:2019, *Quantities and units – Part 4: Mechanics*

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COMMISSION ÉLECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE

MACHINES ÉLECTRIQUES TOURNANTES –

Partie 12: Caractéristiques de démarrage des moteurs triphasés à induction à cage à une seule vitesse

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L'IEC 60034-12 a été établie par le comité d'études 2 de l'IEC: Machines tournantes. Il s'agit d'une Norme internationale.

Cette quatrième édition annule et remplace la troisième édition parue en 2016. Cette édition constitue une révision technique.

Cette édition inclut les modifications techniques majeures suivantes par rapport à l'édition précédente:

Article ou paragraphe	Modification
Tableau 6	Aligné sur les exigences du CE 31, GT 27, concernant les moteurs antidéflagrants
12	Nouvel article relatif aux méthodes de mesure du courant et du couple à rotor bloqué
Annexe A	Nouvelle annexe informative relative aux caractéristiques générales de courant et de couple à rotor bloqué
Annexe B	Nouvelle annexe informative relative à la correction de la tension et de la fréquence

Le texte de cette Norme internationale est issu des documents suivants:

Projet	Rapport de vote
2/2132/CDV	2/2150A/RVC

Le rapport de vote indiqué dans le tableau ci-dessus donne toute information sur le vote ayant abouti à son approbation.

La langue employée pour l'élaboration de cette Norme internationale est l'anglais.

Ce document a été rédigé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 2, il a été développé selon les Directives ISO/IEC, Partie 1 et les Directives ISO/IEC, Supplément IEC, disponibles sous www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. Les principaux types de documents développés par l'IEC sont décrits plus en détail sous www.iec.ch/publications/.

Une liste de toutes les parties de la série IEC 60034, publiées sous le titre général *Machines électriques tournantes*, se trouve sur le site web de l'IEC.

Le comité a décidé que le contenu de ce document ne sera pas modifié avant la date de stabilité indiquée sur le site web de l'IEC sous webstore.iec.ch dans les données relatives au document recherché. À cette date, le document sera

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MACHINES ÉLECTRIQUES TOURNANTES –

Partie 12: Caractéristiques de démarrage des moteurs triphasés à induction à cage à une seule vitesse

1 Domaine d'application

La présente partie de l'IEC 60034 spécifie les paramètres de huit conceptions de caractéristiques de démarrage de moteurs triphasés à induction à cage à une seule vitesse fonctionnant à 50 Hz ou 60 Hz conformes à l'IEC 60034-1, qui:

- ont des tensions assignées jusqu'à 1 000 V;
- sont prévus pour démarrage direct ou étoile-triangle;
- sont dimensionnés pour le service type S1;
- peuvent avoir n'importe quel degré de protection tel qu'il est défini dans l'IEC 60034-5 et incluant les protections contre les explosions.

Ce document s'applique également aux moteurs bitension à condition que le niveau de saturation du flux soit le même aux deux tensions.

Les valeurs de couple, de puissance apparente et de courant données dans le présent document sont des valeurs limites (c'est-à-dire minimales ou maximales sans tolérance).

NOTE 1 Les constructeurs ne sont pas tenus de fabriquer des machines correspondant à ces huit conceptions. Le choix d'une conception spécifique répondant au présent document fera l'objet d'un accord entre le constructeur et son client.

NOTE 2 Des conceptions autres que les huit spécifiées peuvent s'avérer nécessaires pour des applications particulières.

NOTE 3 Les valeurs données dans les catalogues des constructeurs peuvent inclure des tolérances conformes à l'IEC 60034-1.

NOTE 4 Les valeurs calculées pour la puissance apparente à rotor bloqué sont fondées sur les courants à rotor bloqué en régime établi symétriques en valeur efficace. Le démarrage du moteur entraîne des pics de courants asymétriques transitoires dans toute l'alimentation, appelés courants d'appel, dont la valeur peut fluctuer entre 1,8 et 2,8 fois la valeur à rotor bloqué en régime établi. La crête de courant et le temps de descente dépendent de la conception du moteur et de l'angle de commutation. Des effets semblables peuvent se produire lors du passage du fonctionnement en étoile au fonctionnement en triangle. Une description plus détaillée est fournie à l'Annexe A.

Les méthodes d'essai décrites à l'Article 12 peuvent également être appliquées aux moteurs à induction à cage qui n'entrent pas dans le domaine d'application du présent document. Toutefois, des précautions particulières doivent être prises dans de tels cas afin d'empêcher la surchauffe du stator ou de l'enroulement du rotor, selon la méthode concrète et les paramètres choisis.

2 Références normatives

Les documents suivants sont cités dans le texte de sorte qu'ils constituent, pour tout ou partie de leur contenu, des exigences du présent document. Pour les références datées, seule l'édition citée s'applique. Pour les références non datées, la dernière édition du document de référence s'applique (y compris les éventuels amendements).

IEC 60034-1:2022, *Machines électriques tournantes – Partie 1: Caractéristiques assignées et caractéristiques de fonctionnement*

IEC 60034-5:2020, *Machines électriques tournantes – Partie 5: Degrés de protection procurés par la conception intégrale de machines électriques tournantes (code IP) – Classification*

IEC 60034-30-1:2014, *Machines électriques tournantes – Partie 30-1: Classes de rendement pour les moteurs à courant alternatif alimentés par le réseau (code IE)*

IEC 60079-7:2015, *Atmosphères explosives – Partie 7: Protection du matériel par sécurité augmentée "e"*

IEC 60079-7:2015/AMD1:2017

ISO 80000-4:2019, *Grandeurs et unités – Partie 4: Mécanique*